

Polynomial Division 2  
Algebra 2

Simplify the following monomial expression.

1) 
$$\frac{35a^5b}{21ab^3}$$

2) 
$$\frac{24a^8b}{18a^2b^4}$$

Simplify the following polynomial expressions.

3) 
$$(24x^4 + 39x^2 - 18) \div 3$$

4) 
$$(24t^4 - 8t^3 - 20t) \div (4t)$$

5) 
$$(-15z^5 + 35z^4 + 55z^3)(5z^3)^{-1}$$

6) 
$$(42v^4w^4 - 21v^3w^5 + 7v^2w^6) \div (7w^4v)$$

Simplify using long division. Confirm your answer using synthetic division.

7) 
$$(a^2 - 4a - 21) \div (a + 3)$$

8) 
$$(2b^2 - 3b - 54)(b - 6)^{-1}$$

9) 
$$(4z^3 - 9z^2 - 7z - 6) \div (z - 3)$$

10) 
$$(3x^3 + 3x^2 - 7x + 15) \div (x + 5)$$

11) 
$$(t^4 + 6t^3 + 8t^2 - 5t - 20)(t + 4)^{-1}$$

12) 
$$(3q^3 + 25q^2 + 33q + 35) \div (q + 7)$$

Use synthetic division to simplify the following expressions.

13) 
$$(m - 8), m^3 - 7m^2 - 14m + 48$$

14) 
$$(a - 2), 2a^3 + a^2 - 7x - 6$$

15) 
$$(x + 6), x^3 - 27x + 54$$

16) 
$$(t + 4), t^3 - 12t + 16$$

Simplify problems 13 - 16 using long division.

17) 
$$(-6j^4 + 4j^3 - 3j^2 + 20j - 12)(3j - 2)^{-1}$$

18) 
$$(6k^3 + 16k^2 - 2k - 20) \div (2k + 4)$$

19) 
$$(4p^6 - 6p^4 - 38p^2 + 5) \div (2p^2 + 5)$$

20) 
$$(14m^3 + 22m^2n - 54mn^2 + 18n^3) \div (7m - 3n)$$

21) Is  $(x + 2)$  a factor of  $x^3 + 12x^2 + 47x + 60$ ?

22) Is  $(x + 5)$  a factor of  $x^3 + 3x^2 - 9x + 5$ ?

23) Is  $(x + 6)$  a factor of  $x^3 + 11x^2 + 36x + 36$ ?

24) Is  $(x + 4)$  a factor of  $x^3 - 4x^2 - 9x + 36$ ?

Use the signs of a quadratic or cubic polynomial to determine whether the binomial can be a factor?

25) 
$$(t + 2), t^3 + 6t^2 + 12t + 8$$

26) 
$$(v - 3), v^3 + 11v^2 + 40v + 48$$

27) 
$$(t - 4), t^3 + 6t^2 + 12t + 8$$

28) 
$$(v + 6), v^3 + 11v^2 + 40v + 48$$

Use the constant of a quadratic or cubic polynomial to determine whether the binomial can be a factor?

29)  $(d - 5)$ ,  $d^3 + d^2 - 26d + 24$

30)  $(t - 9)$ ,  $t^3 + 5t^2 - 9t - 45$

31)  $(d - 4)$ ,  $d^3 + d^2 - 26d + 24$

32)  $(t + 4)$ ,  $t^3 + 5t^2 - 9t - 45$

Determine whether the binomial is a factor of the cubic polynomial. If so, factor the larger polynomial completely (depress it), and give the x-intercepts of the polynomial function.

33)  $(t + 3)$ ,  $t^3 + t^2 - 22t - 40$

34)  $(x - 7)$ ,  $x^3 + 15x^2 + 74x + 120$

35)  $(b + 4)$ ,  $b^3 + 2b^2 - 11b - 12$

36)  $(k - 8)$ ,  $k^3 - 2k^2 - 55k + 56$

37)  $(x - 1)$ ,  $x^3 - 3x + 2$

38)  $(x + 3)$ ,  $x^3 + 9x^2 + 27x + 27$

39)  $(4x + 3)$ ,  $4x^3 - 17x^2 + 9x + 18$

40)  $(2v - 5)$ ,  $2m^3 - 7m^2 - 19m + 60$

41)  $(x - 6)$ ,  $x^3 - 2x^2 - 29x + 30$

42)  $(x - 2)$ ,  $x^3 - 8x^2 - 15x + 54$

43)  $(a + 5)$ ,  $a^3 - 5a^2 - 29a + 105$

44)  $(t + 5)$ ,  $t^3 + t^2 - 20t$

45)  $(d - 8)$ ,  $d^3 - 6d^2 - 16d$

46)  $(v + 9)$ ,  $v^3 - 63v + 162$

47)  $(2m + 1)$ ,  $6m^3 + 19m^2 + 16m + 4$

48)  $(3x - 2)$ ,  $3x^3 + x^2 - 20x + 12$